

---

## Average-Case Analysis

---

### Exercise 1 (To Be or Not To Be)

A jar begins with one amoeba. Every minute, every amoeba turns into 0, 1, 2, or 3 amoebas with a probability of  $1/4$  for each case (dies, does nothing, splits into two, or splits into three). What is the probability that the amoeba population eventually dies out?

### Exercise 2 (Job Arrivals)

In a computer  $n$  jobs arrive. Each job is either *long*, with probability  $p \geq 0$ , or *short*, independently. For  $n \rightarrow \infty$ , what is the probability that the number of long jobs in the system is even?

### Exercise 3 (Spam Arrivals)

Suppose that the number of your incoming emails is according to a Poisson process with some rate  $\lambda > 0$ . (A *Poisson process*  $(N_t)_{t \geq 0}$  with rate  $\lambda > 0$  has the properties:  $N_t \in \mathbb{N}$  for all  $t \geq 0$  and  $N_0 = 0$ ,  $(N_t)_{t \geq 0}$  has independent increments, and  $\Pr[N_{t+s} - N_s = n] = e^{-\lambda t} (\lambda t)^n / n!$  for all  $s, t \geq 0$ .)

Each arriving email is spam with probability  $p \geq 0$ , independently. Show that the process counting the number of spam mails received is also a Poisson process. What is its rate?