Theoretical Computer Science - Bridging Course Summer Term 2019 Exercise Sheet 1

In case you wish to get feedback, submit electronically by 06:00 am, Friday, May 3.

Exercise 1: Induction

Assume that there are n infinitely long straight lines lying on the 2-dimensional plane in such a way that no two lines are parallel, and no three lines intersect in a single point. Prove by induction that these lines divide the plane into $(n^2 + n + 2)/2$ regions.

Exercise 2: Any Even Degree Node?

A simple graph is a graph without self loops, i.e., every edge of the graph is an edge between two distinct nodes. The degree d(v) of a node $v \in V$ of an undirected graph G = (V, E) is the number of its neighbors, i.e,

$$d(v) = |\{u \in V \mid \{v, u\} \in E\}|.$$

Show that every simple graph with an odd number of nodes contains a node with even degree.

Exercise 3: Counting Edges in Acyclic Graphs (8 P

A tree is an acyclic, connected, simple graph. Show that a tree with $n \ge 1$ nodes has n - 1 edges. A forest is a (possibly unconnected) graph, where each connected component is a tree. Show that a forest consisting of k connected components has n - k edges.

(8 Points)

(7 Points)

(5 Points)