## Theoretical Computer Science - Bridging Course Summer Term 2020 Exercise Sheet 5

for getting feedback submit electronically by 12:15 pm, Tuesday, June 16, 2020

## **Exercise 1:** The Shift Operation

(4+4 Points)

Consider a Turing machine  $\mathcal{M}$  that is given an arbitrary input string over alphabet  $\Sigma = \{1, 2, \ldots, n\}$  on its input tape. We would like  $\mathcal{M}$  to insert an empty cell, i.e.,  $\sqcup$ , at the beginning of the tape without removing any symbol on the tape. As an example, the Turing machine is supposed to change the input tape of the form  $\langle 2, 4, 4, 6, 1, 8, 4, \sqcup, \sqcup, \ldots \rangle$  to  $\langle \sqcup, 2, 4, 4, 6, 1, 8, 4, \sqcup, \sqcup, \ldots \rangle$ . Although this operation is not explicitly defined for a Turing machine, one can consider such an operation as shifting the whole string one cell to the right on the input tape.

- (a) Give a formal definition of  $\mathcal{M}$  to perform the desired operation such that  $\mathcal{M}$  recognizes the language  $\Sigma^*$ .
- (b) For n = 2, i.e.,  $\Sigma = \{1, 2\}$ , draw the state diagram of your constructed Turing machine.

## Exercise 2: Constructing Turing Machines I (4+1+2+1 Points)

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . For a string  $s = s_1 s_2 \dots s_n$  with  $s_i \in \Sigma$  let  $s^R = s_n s_{n-1} \dots s_1$  be the reversed string. Palindromes are strings s for which  $s = s^R$ . Then  $L = \{sas^R \mid s \in \Sigma^*, a \in \Sigma \cup \{\varepsilon\}\}$  is the language of all palindromes over  $\Sigma$ .

- (a) Give a state diagram of a Turing machine recognizing L.
- (b) Give the maximum number (or a close upper bound for the number) of head movements your Turing machine makes until it halts, if started with an input string  $s \in \Sigma^*$  of length |s| = n on its tape.
- (c) Describe (informally) the behavior of a 2-tape Turing machine which recognizes L and uses significantly fewer head movements on long inputs than your 1-tape Turing machine.
- (d) Give the maximum number (or a close upper bound for the number) of head movements your Turing machine makes on any of the two tapes until it halts, if started with an input string  $s \in \Sigma^*$  of length |s| = n on the first tape.

## Exercise 3: Constructing Turing Machines II (4 Points)

Let  $L = \{\langle w \rangle, \langle w + 1 \rangle \mid w \in \mathbb{N}\}$ , e.g., the word  $\langle 6 \rangle, \langle 7 \rangle = 110, 111$  is contained in L. Design a Turing machine which accepts L. You do not need to provide a formal description of the Turing machine but your description has to be detailed enough to explain every possible step of a computation. Remark: Here  $\langle w \rangle$  is the binary encoding of the number w, e.g., the number 6 is going to be the string 110.