University of Freiburg Dept. of Computer Science Prof. Dr. F. Kuhn P. Bamberger, P. Schneider



Algorithms and Data Structures Summer Term 2019 Exercise Sheet 8

Exercise 1: AVL Trees

Consider the following AVL tree



(a) Perform the operations insert(4), insert(7) and insert(1) and the necessary rotations to rebalance the AVL-tree. Draw the state of the tree after each operation.

Remark: Inserting works the same as in binary search trees. Afterwards, for each ancestor of the inserted node (bottom up), repair the AVL condition (if violated) by performing an according rotation (left or right).

(b) In the resulting tree, perform the operations delete(5) and delete(7) and the necessary rotations to re-balance the AVL-tree. Draw the state of the tree after each operation.

Remark: Deleting works the same as in binary search trees. Afterwards, starting at the position of the node that was used to replace the deleted key, for each ancestor (bottom up) repair the AVL condition (if violated) by performing an according rotation (left or right or double rotations).

Exercise 2: (a, b)-Trees

Consider the following (2, 4)-tree



(a) Perform the operations insert(2), insert(26) and insert(36). Draw the state of the (2,4)-tree after all operations.

- (b) In the original tree, perform the operations delete(11), delete(3). Draw the state of the (2, 4)-tree after both operations.
- (c) For exercise lesson: also do a ${\tt delete}(13)$ operation.